TEXAS ALCOHOL LAWS FOR MINORS

ZERO TOLLERANCE FOR MINORS

In Texas a "minor" is someone under 21 years of age. Generally speaking, a minor may not <u>purchase</u>, <u>attempt to purchase</u>, <u>consume</u>, or <u>even possess an alcoholic</u> <u>beverage</u>.

Since a minor should not even possess and alcoholic beverage, the 1997 Texas Legislature adopted Senate Bill 35, which established <u>ZERO TOLLERANCE</u> for minors who commit offenses under the non-driving alcohol-related laws as well as for minors who drive under the influence.

<u>ZERO TOLLERANCE</u> means just that. Even if a minor is not intoxicated as defined under the DWI statute, <u>if the minor has ANY detectable amount of alcohol</u> in his/her system while he or she is operating a motor vehicle in a public place, as far as the law is concerned, the minor driver has committed the criminal offense of <u>DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL BY A MINOR</u> (<u>DUIA BY A MINOR</u>).

OTHER SANCTIONS FOR ALCOHOL-RELATED OFFENSES

A person who <u>purchases an alcohol beverage for a minor</u> or who <u>furnishes an alcohol beverage to a minor</u> can be punished by a fine up to \$2000.00 and/or confinement in jail for up to 180 days.

A person who sells a minor an alcohol beverage to a minor can be punished by a fine up to \$4000.00 and/or confinement in jail for up to a year.

NOTE:

Information provided by the TEXAS DRIVER HANDBOOK (Texas Department of Public Safety) for additional information please refer to:

http://www.txdps.state.tx.us./